

Exercice 3A.1 :

Exprimer A, B, C en fonction de $\cos x$ et $\sin x$ en détaillant les différentes étapes de calcul

$$A = 2 \cos(-x) + \cos(\pi - x) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) - 3 \cos(\pi + x)$$

$$B = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) - 5 \cos(\pi - x) + 4 \cos(3\pi + x) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right)$$

$$C = \cos\left(x + \frac{5\pi}{2}\right) - 2 \sin(3\pi + x) + 4 \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$D = 5 \cos(x + \pi) - 7 \sin(\pi - x) + 3 \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)$$

Ex 3A.2 :

Exprimer en fonction de $\cos x$ et/ou $\sin x$:

$$A = \sqrt{2} \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$B = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right)$$

$$C = \cos\left(x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(x + \frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$$

Ex 3A.3 :

Vérifier que $\frac{5\pi}{12} = \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}$

puis calculer $\cos \frac{5\pi}{12}$ et $\cos \frac{7\pi}{12}$

Ex 3A.4 :

Le réel x est tel que $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$ et $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$

calculer $\cos 2x$ et en déduire la valeur de x

Ex 3A.5 :

Soit $x \neq \frac{k\pi}{2}$ ($k \in \mathbf{Z}$) ; calculer $\frac{\sin 3x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 3x}{\cos x}$

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Exercice 3A.1 :

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 2 \cos(-x) + \cos(\pi - x) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) - 3 \cos(\pi + x) \\ &= 2 \cos(x) - \cos(x) + 5 \cos(x) + 3 \cos(x) \\ &= 9 \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) - 5 \cos(\pi - x) + 4 \cos(3\pi + x) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) \\ &= \cos x + 5 \cos x + 4 \cos(\pi + x) - \sin x \\ &= \cos x + 5 \cos x - 4 \cos x - \sin x \\ &= 2 \cos x - \sin x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C &= \cos\left(x + \frac{5\pi}{2}\right) - 2 \sin(3\pi + x) + 4 \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) & \text{or : } \frac{5\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{4\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi \\ &= \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 2 \sin(\pi + x) - 4 \cos x \\ &= -\sin x + 2 \sin x - 4 \cos x \\ &= \sin x - 4 \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= 5 \cos(x + \pi) - 7 \sin(\pi - x) + 3 \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \\ &= 5 \times (-\cos x) - 7 \times \sin x + 3 \times (-\sin x) - 4 \cos x \\ &= -5 \cos x - 7 \sin x - 3 \sin x - 4 \cos x \\ &= -9 \cos x - 10 \sin x \end{aligned}$$

Formule de trigonométrie :

$$\cos(a+b) = \cos a \times \cos b - \sin a \times \sin b$$

$$\cos(a-b) = \cos a \times \cos b + \sin a \times \sin b$$

$$\sin(a+b) = \sin a \times \cos b + \cos a \times \sin b$$

$$\sin(a-b) = \sin a \times \cos b - \cos a \times \sin b$$

Exercice 3A.2 :

Exprimer en fonction de $\cos x$ et/ou $\sin x$:

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \sqrt{2} \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ &= \sqrt{2} \left(\cos x \times \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \sin x \times \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) + \sqrt{2} \left(\sin x \times \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos x \times \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \\ &= \sqrt{2} \left(\cos x \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \sin x \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) + \sqrt{2} \left(\sin x \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \cos x \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\ &= \sqrt{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\cos x - \sin x) + \sqrt{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\sin x + \cos x) \\ &= \cos x - \sin x + \sin x + \cos x \\ &= 2 \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) \\ &= \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \times \cos x - \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \times \sin x \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos x - \frac{1}{2} \sin x \end{aligned}$$

$$C = \cos\left(x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(x + \frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$$